

Total No. of Questions : 12]

SEAT No. :

P5572

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5561] 514

**B.E. (Civil) (Semester - II)**  
**DAMS AND HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES**  
**(2015 Pattern)**

*Time : 2½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10, Q.11 or Q.12.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Use of electronic non-programmable calculator is allowed.*
- 5) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

**Q1)** Discuss the impact of climate change on a water resource project. **[6]**

OR

**Q2)** Differentiate between Large Dam and Small Dam. What will be your choice and why? **[6]**

**Q3) a)** Discuss various methods to reduce uplift pressure at the base of gravity dam. **[6]**

b) What are the factors affecting selection of arch dam? **[2]**

OR

**Q4) a)** What is elementary profile of a gravity dam? How it is modified to get practical profile? **[6]**

b) Enlist any four Load Combinations considered for design of gravity dam. **[2]**

**P.T.O.**

**Q5)** Draw a labeled sketch of ogee spillway showing all components. [6]

OR

**Q6)** Enlist types of spillway gates and explain any one. [6]

**Q7) a)** State different corrections suggested by Khosla. Explain in detail the correction for mutual interference of piles. [6]

b) Determine the factor of safety of downstream slope of homogenous earth dam section drawn to a scale of 1 : 500 [8]

i) Length of slip circle arc = 15 cm

ii) Total area of N-Rectangles = 16.5 cm<sup>2</sup>

iii) Total area of T Rectangles = 7 cm<sup>2</sup>

iv) Total area of U - Rectangles = 5 cm<sup>2</sup>

v) Angle of Internal friction = 26°

vi) Cohesion = 0.2 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

vii) Specific weight of soil = 1.8 kg/cm<sup>3</sup>

c) Explain seepage failure of earthen dam. [4]

OR

**Q8) a)** Briefly explain different causes of failure of earthen dams. [8]

b) Differentiate between weir and barrage. [4]

c) With the help of expression explain 'Exit Gradient'. Also give permissible values of it for various soils. [6]

**Q9) a)** What is a canal? Explain three types of canals based on function. [8]

b) Design an unlined alluvial canal section to carry a discharge of 10 m<sup>3</sup>/s. The longitudinal slope is 1 in 4000 and the side slope is 0.5 H : 1 V. Use Lacey's theory and take silt factor  $f = 0.9$ . [8]

OR

**Q10) a)** Design an irrigation channel section to carry a discharge of  $5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ . Assume  $N = 0.0225$  and  $m = 1$ , Consider trial depth  $D = 1.0 \text{ m}$  and channel bed slope as  $0.0002$ . [8]

b) What is a Canal Fall? Discuss the necessity of it. [4]

c) Write a short note on : [4]

i) Canal Escape.

ii) Ogee Fall.

**Q11) a)** Explain necessity of cross drainage work. Explain Syphon Aqueduct in detail with neat sketch. [4 + 4]

b) What do you understand by river training work? What are the functions of marginal bunds? [8]

OR

**Q12) a)** Write a short note on : [8]

i) Super passage.

ii) Level crossing.

b) Explain in brief : [8]

i) Attracting groyne.

ii) Deflecting groyne.

