



[4459] – 251

Seat No.	
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**T.E. (Computer) (Semester – I) Examination, 2013**  
**DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**  
**(2008 Pattern)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions:** 1) Answer **3** questions from Section I and **3** questions from Section II .  
2) Black figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Assume suitable data, **if necessary**.

**SECTION – 1**

1. a) Explain component and overall structure of DBMS. **10**  
b) Explain in detail the different levels of abstraction. **4**  
c) Discuss the entity integrity and referential integrity constraints. **4**

**OR**

2. a) How following problems are handled with DBMS ? **6**  
i) Data isolation  
ii) Data redundancy and inconsistency  
iii) Data integrity.
- b) Explain significant difference between File Processing and DBMS. **6**  
c) Explain the different constraints on specialization/generalization with suitable example. **4**  
d) What is meant by mapping cardinality ? **2**
3. a) What are different types of joins in SQL ? Explain with suitable example. **6**  
b) Write short note on Dynamic SQL. **6**  
c) Consider following database : **4**

Student (Roll\_no, Name, Address)

Subject (Sub\_code, Sub\_name)

Marks (Roll\_no, Sub\_code, marks)

**P.T.O.**



Write following queries in SQL :

- i) Find average marks of each student, along with the name of student
- ii) Find how many students have failed in the subject “DBMS”.

OR

4. a) What is cursor ? Explain explicit cursor and reference cursor in PL/SQL with suitable example. 6
- b) What is stored procedure and function ? 4
- c) Consider the relational database 6

dept (dept\_no, dname, loc, mgrcode)

emp (emp\_no, ename, designation)

project (proj\_no, proj\_name, status)

dept. and emp. are related as 1 to many.

Project and emp are related as 1 to many.

Write queries for the following :

- i) Give the names of employees who are working on ‘Blood Bank’ project.
- ii) Give the name of managers from ‘Marketing’ department.
- iii) Give all the employees working under status ‘Incomplete’ projects.

5. a) What is decomposition ? Suppose that we decompose the schema  $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$  into  $(A, B, C)$  and  $(A, D, E)$ . Show that this decomposition is lossless decomposition if the following set  $F$  of functional dependencies holds. 8  
 $A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A.$
- b) For the relation schema  $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ . Compute the closure  $F^+$  and canonical cover  $F_c$  of following set  $F$  of functional dependencies. 8  
 $A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A.$

OR

6. a) Describe the concept of transitive dependency. Explain how this concept is used to define 3NF. 8
- b) Specify Armstrong’s axioms. Use Armstrong’s axioms to prove the soundness of pseudo transitivity rule. 8



SECTION – 2

7. a) What is Indexed File Organization (ordered indices) ? Explain types of ordered indices with suitable example. **10**  
b) State the important of query optimization. **4**  
c) How cost of query is measured ? **4**
- OR
8. a) Construct a B tree for the following set of key values : **9**  
(78, 21, 14, 11, 97, 85, 74, 63, 45, 42, 57, 20, 16, 19, 32, 30, 31). Assume order of tree is 5.  
b) What are the steps involved in query processing ? Explain in brief. **9**
9. a) Explain two phase locking protocol. How does it insure serializability ? **8**  
b) Explain shadow paging recovery scheme and log based recovery scheme. **8**
- OR
10. a) When do deadlock happens ? How to prevent them and how to recover if deadlock takes place ? **8**  
b) Explain the concept of transaction. Describe ACID properties for transaction. **8**
11. a) Write a short note on **any two** : **12**  
i) Data ware house  
ii) Pointer swizzling techniques  
iii) Centralized and Distributed Database Systems.  
b) Explain how objects are stored in relational databases. **4**
- OR
12. a) What is the difference between persistent and transient objects ? How persistence handle in typical object oriented database system ? **8**  
b) Explain two-tier and three-tier architecture. **4**  
c) Explain steps for data mining. **4**
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