



7 May - June - 2011

T.E - COMP

Sem - I

[3963] - 351

T.E. (Computer Engg.) (Semester - I) Examination, 2011

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

(Common to IT)

(2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions : 1) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate books.

2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

4) Section I : Q 1 or Q 2, Q 3 or Q 4, Q 5 or Q 6.

5) Section II : Q 7 or Q 8, Q 9 or Q 10, Q 11 or Q 12.



SECTION - I

1. a) Compare Relational data model, Hierarchical Data Model and Network Data Model. 6
- b) Design an E-R diagram with EER features which will model all the entities and relationships among them for the Airline Reservation System Database. 6
- c) Explain Multi-user DBMS Architectures in details. 5

OR

2. a) Design an E-R diagram with EER features which will model all the entities and relationships among them for the Hospital Management System Database. 9
- b) Explain Overall Structure of DBMS. 8
3. a) List difference between embedded SQL and Dynamic SQL. 6

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- b) Explain the different operations of Relational Algebra. 5

Consider the following Relations. It defines the schema of the database application for a bank. It manages the branches and customers of the bank. Customers take loans (borrow money) or open accounts (deposit money) at one or more branches. 6

Branch (B_No, B_name, B_city, asset), Customer (C_No, C_Name, C_city street) Loan(Loan_no, B_name, amount), Account (Acc_No, B_name, Balance) Borrower (C_No, Loan_No), Depositor (C_No, Acc_No)

Answer the following queries in each of the query languages that you know :

- 1) Find the names and address of customers who have a loan.
- 2) Find loan data, ordered by decreasing amounts, then increasing loan numbers.
- 3) Find the pairs of names of different customers who live at the same address but have accounts at different branches.

OR

4. a) Explain Assertion and Triggers with suitable example. 6

- b) Explain Stored procedure and stored function.

Consider the following Relations. It defines the schema of the database application for a library. 5

Book (Book_ISBN [pk], Title, Publisher_Name [fk]) 6

BOOK_AUTHORS (Book_ISBN [pk, fk], Author_Name [pk])

PUBLISHER(Name [pk], Address, Phone)

BOOK_COPIES (Book_ISBN [pk, fk], Branch_ID [pk, fk], Num_Copies)

BOOK_LOANS (Book_ISBN [pk, fk], Branch_ID [pk, fk], Card_Num [pk, fk], Date_Out, Date_Due)

LIBRARY_BRANCH (Branch_ID [pk], Branch_Name, Address)

BORROWER (Card_Num [pk], Name, Address, Phone)

Answer the following queries in each of the SQL query languages that you know :

- 1) List the ISBN and title of all books written by "John Smith".
- 2) List the ISBN and title of all books written by "John Smith" as the only author.
- 3) List the Card number and name of all borrowers who checked out two or more books on 10/16/2003.
- 4) List the branch ID and name of all library branches that have at least one copy of all the books.

