

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P2010

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[4859]-1071

B. E. (Computer Engineering) (End sem.) (Semester - I)
PRINCIPLES OF MODERN COMPILER DESIGN
(2012 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

- Q1)** a) Why the analysis phase of compiler is normally separated into lexical analysis and parsing phases? [4]
- b) Explain the following in brief: [6]
- i) Operating system support for compiler.
 - ii) Memory management.

OR

- Q2)** a) Explain frontend phases of compiler with example. [6]
- b) Describe role of Regular expression in lexical analysis. What is lookahead operator? [4]
- Q3)** a) Compute First and Follow sets for following grammar. Also generate predictive parsing table for this grammar. [8]

$S \rightarrow ABa \mid bCA$

$A \rightarrow cBCD \mid \epsilon$

$B \rightarrow CdA \mid ad$

$C \rightarrow eC \mid \epsilon$

$D \rightarrow bSf \mid a$

- b) Enlist different error recovery methods in parsing. [2]

OR

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Construct SLR parsing table for following grammar. [7]

$S \rightarrow xAy \mid xBy \mid xAz$

$A \rightarrow aS \mid q$

$B \rightarrow q$

Also show moves by parser for the string “xqy”

b) Explain how syntax directed translation scheme is implemented with topdown parser. [3]

Q5) a) What is code optimization? Differentiate among local, global and loop optimization. [6]

b) Generate DAG from following 3 address statements. [5]

$T1 = b + c$

$T2 = d * e$

$T3 = d + c$

$T4 = T2 * T3$

$T5 = T4 * f$

$X = T1 - T5$

Traverse this DAG using topological order and list the optimized code. Which optimization is carried out in this process?

c) What is Register Allocation and Assignment problem? [4]

d) Why redundant load and store are undesirable in code generation process? [3]

OR

Q6) a) Explain following data flow properties: [6]
Available expression Reaching definitions live variables.

b) Discuss following optimizations with examples: [4]
Variable propagation, code movement.

c) Which are various issues related to code generation. [4]

d) Write short note: Peephole optimization. [4]

- Q7)** a) Explain the structure of a functional compiler. Discuss various issues related to compilation of functional languages by taking example of Haskell. [8]
- b) Explain following with respect to Object Oriented languages: [6]
Type checking, Type equivalence, Type coercion.
- c) What is JavaCC? [2]

OR

- Q8)** a) Explain following points with respect to functional language Haskell. Offside rule, Pattern matching, Referential transparency, Polymorphic typing. [8]
- b) Consider following features of Object Oriented languages: Overloading and Polymorphism. Explain what changes are needed in compiler design to accommodate these features. [6]
- c) What is lazy evaluation in functional languages? [2]
- Q9)** a) What is interpreter? Explain JVM as an example of interpreter. [4]
- b) Discuss issues related to parallel compiler. Explain with respect to NVCC. [6]
- c) Explain following points for parallel object oriented languages: Object location, object migration, object replication. [6]

OR

- Q10)** Write short notes: [16]
- i) Tuple space
 - ii) XML VM
 - iii) Processes and threads
 - iv) JIT

